



Moab Interagency Dispatch Center

Initial Attack Run Cards

2014

Effective May 1 through October 31

The interagency Runcards are developed by a group of interagency representatives to provide instruction to the Moab Interagency Dispatch Center for initial attack dispatching of wildland fire management resources within pre-identified geographic areas (Dispatch Zones).

The runcards are used when a wildfire is reported and nothing else is known about it. **When qualified initial attack Incident Commanders have visual confirmation of a fire they may adjust the initial attack response as needed** by either cancelling resources currently en-route (or about to be dispatched) or ordering additional resources.

After Hours Dispatch Procedures:

After normal business hours, dispatchers will notify the area on call resource and then call the duty officer.

Initial Attack/Tone Out Procedures

- MIFC will utilize the following tone out procedures for “General messages of Importance, Red Flag Warnings, and Fire Weather Watches and Initial Attack Dispatching during Run Card Dispatching”.
 - WX (Blue): One long tone for general message or item of importance- such as: General Wx Forecast (confirm acknowledgement by current ICs)
 - Flag (Red): 3 tones for Fire Wx Watches and Red Flag Warnings (confirm acknowledgement by current ICs and module leaders not attached to an incident)
 - Fire (Orange): a series of warble style tones for Fire dispatching
- Upon receipt from a reporting party (RP) or field unit of a fire report, the dispatcher will start incident on an initial fire report card (reporting party, phone, location, comments, legal or lat/long) and in CAD(new incident, use map). The dispatcher will then refer to the Preplanned Runcard for that area to determine how many resources are to respond and types. Next refer to the whiteboard and the map board to ascertain which resources are to respond according to closest forces and established rotation. Refer to IA dispatching guidelines which will ultimately determine response. The dispatcher will then select the appropriate radio frequencies for all resources that will be dispatched, regardless of agency (select North zone or South zone simulcast). Resources will be dispatched to a new incident in the following manner:

If any aircraft are responding these are dispatched first: **“H6GM please respond to a smoke report in Central 2, standby to copy”**. Wait for 10 seconds. **“This will be incident ____, in __aircraft zone ie: central 2____, at ____read lat/long in degrees decimal minutes____.”** Refer to aircraft zone map for this information, and for aircraft lat/long is read in degrees decimal minutes- ie: “40 degrees, 11 point 5 minutes”.

-Then aircraft dispatcher informs the IA dispatcher to proceed with toning out additional resources:

1. Check with aircraft prior to tone-out.
2. Transmit '**fire alert**' tone (orange, warble style)
3. Then announce: __ (units) __ please respond to a smoke report in __ (area) __, standby to copy.
4. Wait for 10 seconds.
5. This will be incident ____ (ie: 179) and is located (near/tentatively/at. . .)

(ie: landmark, legal or lat/long in deg/min/sec, when reading lat/long be sure to say __degrees, __mins __seconds. Specify if tentative legal based on area of report).
6. Wait 2-3 seconds
7. In the order of dispatch, ask if units copied:
le: Engine _____ did you copy smoke report?
Engine _____ did you copy smoke report?
Abajo, did you copy smoke report?
8. Contact the appropriate Duty Officer(s)
9. Switch to appropriate frequency to communicate with responding resources
10. After resources have arrived, when they call, be sure to establish clear communication on a Command and Tactical Frequency

If any resource fails to confirm response the first time their identifier is called, try that resource again once you've confirmed all other resources are responding.

New Incidents: record all information in WildCAD. Drag resource into incident to show response. List incident on whiteboard in red marker and keep updated. (RX incidents are in green marker, fires managed for long duration are in orange marker. When acreage is recorded in SIT the acreage is changed to purple marker. New acreage added in red ie: +5, until reported on SIT, then the total is changed to purple. Leave incidents on whiteboard at least 2 days after being called out so information is readily available. Post incident on wall map (with appropriate color arrow and incident number. When incident is out mark with orange triangle and write incident number). Resources: keep status updated on wallmap, and whiteboard. Initial Fire Report Card has a place to write the dispatcher's name, this individual is responsible for creating the incident in WFDSS and IQCS (or ensuring this gets completed). Be sure this is initialed and dated on fire report card. Fires on private and state do not need to be input to WFDSS, unless they encroach on USFS or BLM land.

After dispatching resources according to run card, prioritize contact with Duty Officers whose resources or jurisdictions are involved. Follow up with contacting ALL duty officers as soon as possible so they are aware of the incident.

When a fire is contained/controlled/out you update info in 5 places each time: the WildCAD log, WildCAD fires tab, fire report card, incident whiteboard, and wall map.

Incidents on state or private land, notify appropriate fire warden. (see IA dispatching guidelines). If confirmed state or private, do not dispatch aviation resources before notifying

the State Duty Officer. If Warden calls in a smoke report they received from the county, follow up with a direct call to the county to gather any additional information.

False Alarm vs Natural Outs: *Check with the duty officer* because each agency is different. (BLM usually does natural out and not F.A. State usually does F.A. USFS depends, if it is a reliable report and probably was a smoke, then it's a natural out, but if a vague report then prob. F.A.)

For incidents in the NE finger of the MIFC coverage area, East of Uinta and Ouray Indian Reservation, there are different procedures for dispatching resources. More specifically, this area is East of the reservation, West of the Colorado border, N of Divide rd and Steer Ridge area. This BLM land is managed by the BLM Green River district and although dispatched by MIFC, UBC dispatch should be notified and constantly updated. This also applies to the Tavaputs area. These boundaries are outlined in detail on Instruction Memorandum No. UT 2010-40 from BLM Utah State Office.

San Pitch Mountains: West of T15S R2E, Richfield Interagency Fire Center will manage these incidents.

Fire Investigator response:

Any fire which originates on BLM, USFS, or NPS and is determined or suspected to be human caused, a fire investigator (and trainee whenever possible) will be ordered to respond. On state and private fires the county fire warden or duty officer will order one if needed.

LEO response:

Human caused fires on BLM or USFS, notify LEO who covers the area.

BLM Moab Field Office: Jason Moore 13B61 or Tyler Fouss 13B62

BLM Price Field Office: Don Lum

BLM Monticello Field Office: Greg Muth or Bill Stoner

USFS South Zone: Scott Watson

USFS North Zone: Tanner Hembree

IA DISPATCHING GUIDELINES

This guideline is designed to enhance true interagency cooperation during fire suppression operations. It is designed to be used consistently throughout the MIFC area. This system is meant to complement the closest resource concept following the run card criteria for

resources needed. Closest forces will remain the primary determinant in dispatching resources. This process will help fire managers by providing an orderly way of deploying resources regardless of land ownership, in a fair and consistent manner. On occasion this system may be disrupted from time to time, due to needs of local fire managers, but should be restored as soon as conditions allow.

IA Rotation Guideline

This guideline is a rotation for Initial Attack resources under the Moab Interagency Fire Center dispatch area. The guideline is set for resources in the same area ie; Ephraim, Price, Moab or Monticello. The basic concept is that one module is designated 1st up, next resource up is 2nd and so on. The 1st up resource is considered 1st up until they actually arrive on a confirmed fire. They will not change position for any other reason, including false alarms or unable to locate. Once they arrive on a fire they will then be moved to the bottom of the list and the 2nd up resource will then be 1st up. Should all resources in the same area get on a fire in the same day, then the rotation would not change.

Engines Rotation

State Engines are being added to the IA rotation. The State Engine will have two people on the engine Monday thru Thursday. On their weekend (Friday thru Sunday) it is possible that only one person will be available. Using this rotation guideline, the State engine must have two people working in order to be counted as one of the resources. If there is only one person on the engine, then the next up resource should be dispatched to the fire. The State Warden can still be used as an IC or in some other capacity but should not be counted as an engine module.

When a fire is called in, the land status is unknown until someone gets on scene and gives the coordinates of the fire. MIFC should dispatch the closest resource using the rotation. If the first up resource is a federal engine they should be dispatched to the fire and if state or private land is near the reported incident location, then the State engine should be dispatched even if they are last up. If the first up resource is a state engine, and the land status is not confirmed, the next up federal resource should also be dispatched, even if the run card calls for only one engine. This is because we do not know land status. The resource that arrives on scene first will size up fire and provide Dispatch with the coordinates. If the fire is a State or Private fire, then the Warden can cancel the federal resource or use them. If the fire is on federal land then the federal engine can use or cancel the State engine.

911 Dispatching

Fire Wardens are required to respond to all State and Private fires. They are also required to respond to fires when dispatched through 911. They can be first up or last up and still need to respond to a State or Private land fire.

If a fire warden is responding to an incident they were dispatched to by 911, they relay all information to MIFC. If the MIFC run card calls for '2 engines or squads or combination' for the reported area, the Warden will count as one of these resources (as long as there are 2 people) and MIFC will also dispatch the first or next up resource. As mentioned above, if run card only calls for one resource, 2 will still respond if jurisdiction is unconfirmed.

When fires are dispatched through MIFC, the State engine will follow the same rotation guidelines as all other modules. The only exception is for State or Private land fires, the fire warden must always respond. If a state engine is actually on scene of a confirmed fire, they will still rotate, regardless of whether they were dispatched through the county or MIFC.

Days Off

If you are first up heading into your days off you will not lose your place in rotation. When you return to work from days off, you will still be first up. Your days off start at the end of shift on your Friday. If your shift ends at 1800 and you have left for the day, then you will be considered on days off until you return to work for a full day. This means if you are 1st up and on days off, you will be at the bottom of rotation and remain there until you return to work for a full day. Usually this means on your Monday, you will return to 1st up. Should your duty officer ask you to work on a day off then you will be first up if you work the full day. If they called you in at 1200 then you will still be last in the rotation. You need to start the day at 0930 to be considered 1st up. You cannot come to work mid-day and expect to jump to 1st up in the rotation. This, like all other regulations noted in this policy, applies to federal and state resources. (note: if you were 2nd up going into days off, if the first up resource is on a confirmed incident on your days off then you will be 1st up when you return).

Tracking Rotation

Each area is responsible for tracking the rotation. MIFC will track the rotation as best as possible but it is your responsibility for ensuring that it is correct. MIFC will read the resource rotation during the morning line up. The 1st resource read is the 1st up resource and then the 2nd up and so forth. If for some reason there is an error, it is your responsibility to get with other module leaders and correct the problem by calling dispatch. Fix the error ASAP. Do not wait until the afternoon and then complain. It is your fault at that point.

Calling Fires Out

On BLM lands it is okay to call a fire out the same day. It is up to the IC to call the fire out, so the IC should feel comfortable in doing so. It is better to stay a few extra hours and make sure it is out rather than return at a later date to do so. If you leave the fire it will be your responsibility to return and call it out.

USFS does not want a resource to leave the scene of an uncontrolled fire.

USFS COLOR CODING KEY FOR RUN CARD ZONES (FIRE MANAGEMENT ZONES):

http://fsweb.manti-lasal.r4.fs.fed.us/fire/mlf_fmp/manti_la_sal_fmp.pdf

General Risk – FMU Map

General risk, as used in FMU determination and is defined as a concentration of at-risk conditions that can be identified by a geographic area. General risk categories are used to describe relative risk

on the Manti-La Sal National Forest. Fuel conditions, concentrations of wildland urban intermix and interface, areas defined for protection from wildland fire by the Manti-La Sal National Forest Land Management Plan were used to geographically define general risk categories. General risk categories include:

Red Category - High Risk

Fire may perform an important role in the function of the ecosystem but because of resource concerns and potentially high economic impacts from unplanned ignitions, considerable constraints and mitigation measures are required. The appropriate management response is usually aggressive suppression actions to fire control. Fuels reduction is a major means of mitigating the potential risks and losses. Prescribed fire projects are complex and costly due to stringent contingency planning and monitoring. Unplanned ignitions are typically not managed to meet resource management objectives due to the proximity of high value improvements and the concentration of areas excluded from wildland fire use by the Manti-La Sal National Forest Land Management Plan. Large relative concentration of private land in holdings surrounded by fire prone vegetation types has been classified a HIGH general risk area.

Yellow Category – Moderate Risk. Fire is a desirable component of the ecosystem with moderate mitigation requirements and constraints. A significant level of prescribed fire activity is used to attain desired resource and ecological conditions. Prescribed fire treatments for hazard reduction is a lower priority than in Red category. Wildland fires may be managed to meet resource management objectives under an approved wildland fire implementation plan (WFIP). Areas with scattered individual campgrounds or improvements and or vegetation that could have undesired effects from wildland fire have been classified as MODERATE general risk area.

Green Category – Low Risk. Fire is an integral component in maintaining or achieving the desired future condition for affected lands with less mitigation requirements or resource constraints than categories described above. Prescribed fire for hazardous fuel reduction is not a priority except where an immediate threat to public health and safety exists. Wildland fires may be managed to meet resource management objectives under an approved wildland fire implementation plan. An area with few improvements and or vegetation that has a high potential for beneficial effects from wildland fire has been classified as LOW general risk area.

Designated Wilderness area (Dark Canyon Wilderness) is included in the low risk category where natural processes are encouraged.

Specific Risk

Specific risks are subsets of the general risk category. They are individual improvements or resource values that have the potential to be at risk under identified fire behavior. Specific risk areas occur across the Forest in all General Risk categories. These specific risk areas will be evaluated at the time of discovery of an unplanned ignition and will assist in the identification of potential fuels treatment areas. Specific risks areas are displayed through geographic information system (GIS) data that is a companion to this plan. Examples of specific risk include: *Manti-La Sal National Forest Fire Management Plan 2009 Page 12*

Administrative sites*, Areas of fire fighter safety concerns, Developed recreation sites*, Summer home sites*, Designated communication sites*, Oil and gas facilities*, Municipal watersheds, Private land with structures, Noxious plants, Timber emphasis areas, Mining facilities*, Above-ground utility corridors*, High-use travel corridors*, Historic Resource areas, Plantations, Capable range lands, Wildlife habitat / TES

(* = Areas that are defined by the Manti-La Sal LMP as areas where wildland fire use is not allowed) (Think Point Protection)

RUN CARDS

The following are the run cards, organized by Three Response areas: Monticello, Moab and North Zone. The Response zones are broken up by counties, which the response areas may overlap. For quick determination, see the Monticello, Moab and North Zone Run Card Maps. WildCAD will also identify the zone (Location Tab, 'Response Area'). Check the WildCAD determination against the Run Card Map to make sure it matches.

Monticello Area:

There is overlap between Monticello and Moab resources. Reference Monticello and Moab maps for most appropriate run card.

- **Zone 11:** San Juan County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service Natural Bridges, Kane Gulch, and Forest Service Lands east of Hwy 191 and on FS critical Watershed).
- **Zone 12:** San Juan County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service, and Forest Service Lands in Red Risk Areas).
- **Zone 13:** San Juan County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service, and Forest Service Lands in Yellow Risk Areas).
- **Zone 14:** San Juan County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service, and Forest Service Lands in Green Risk Areas).

Moab Area:

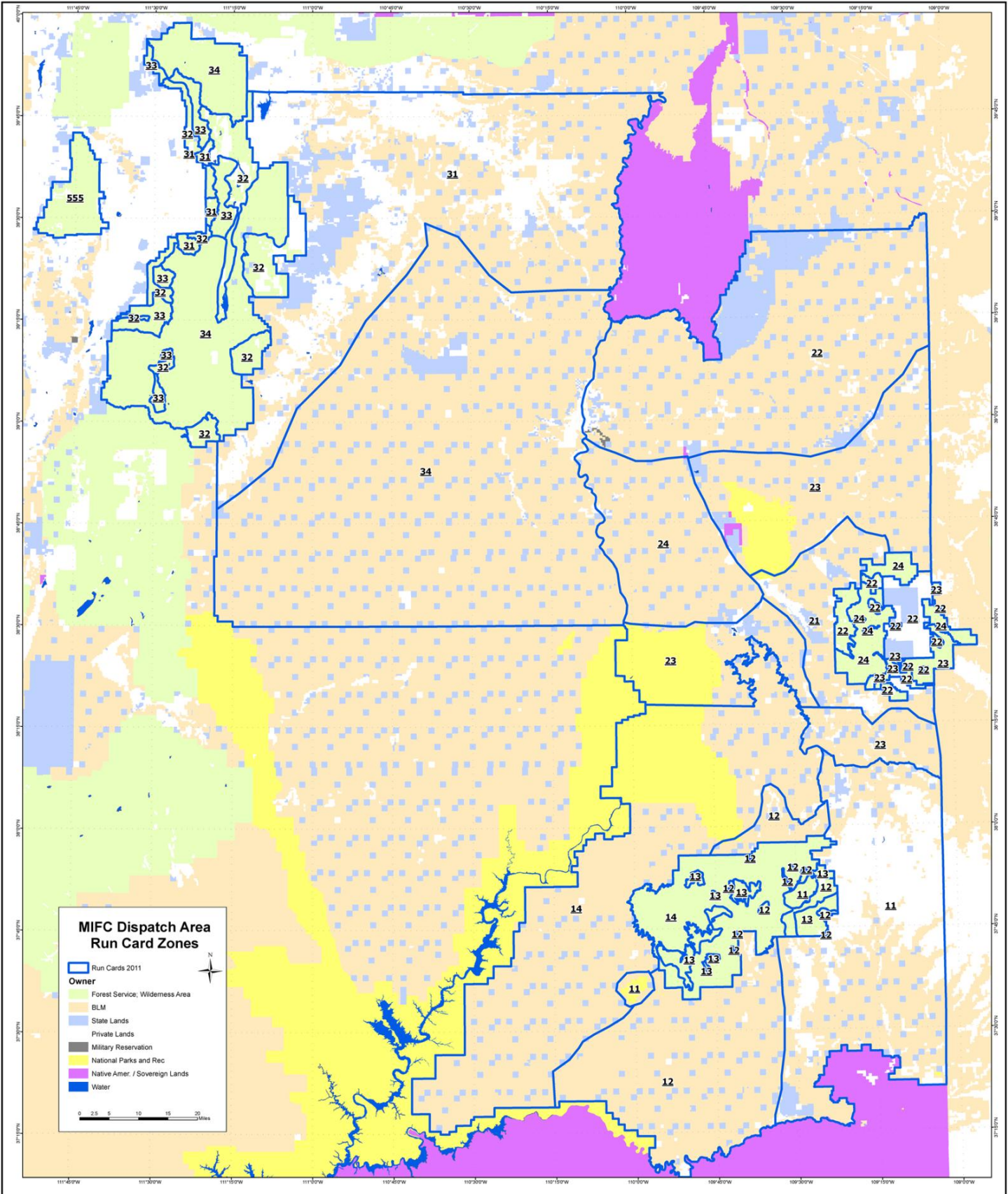
Moab area covers Moab and Price response units.

- **Zone 21:** San Juan and Grand County (BLM, State, Private, and Park Service)
- **Zone 22:** San Juan and Grand County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service and Forest Service Lands in Red Risk Areas)
- **Zone 23:** San Juan and Grand County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service and Forest Service Lands in Yellow Risk Areas)
- **Zone 24:** San Juan and Grand County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service and Forest Service Lands in Green Risk Areas)

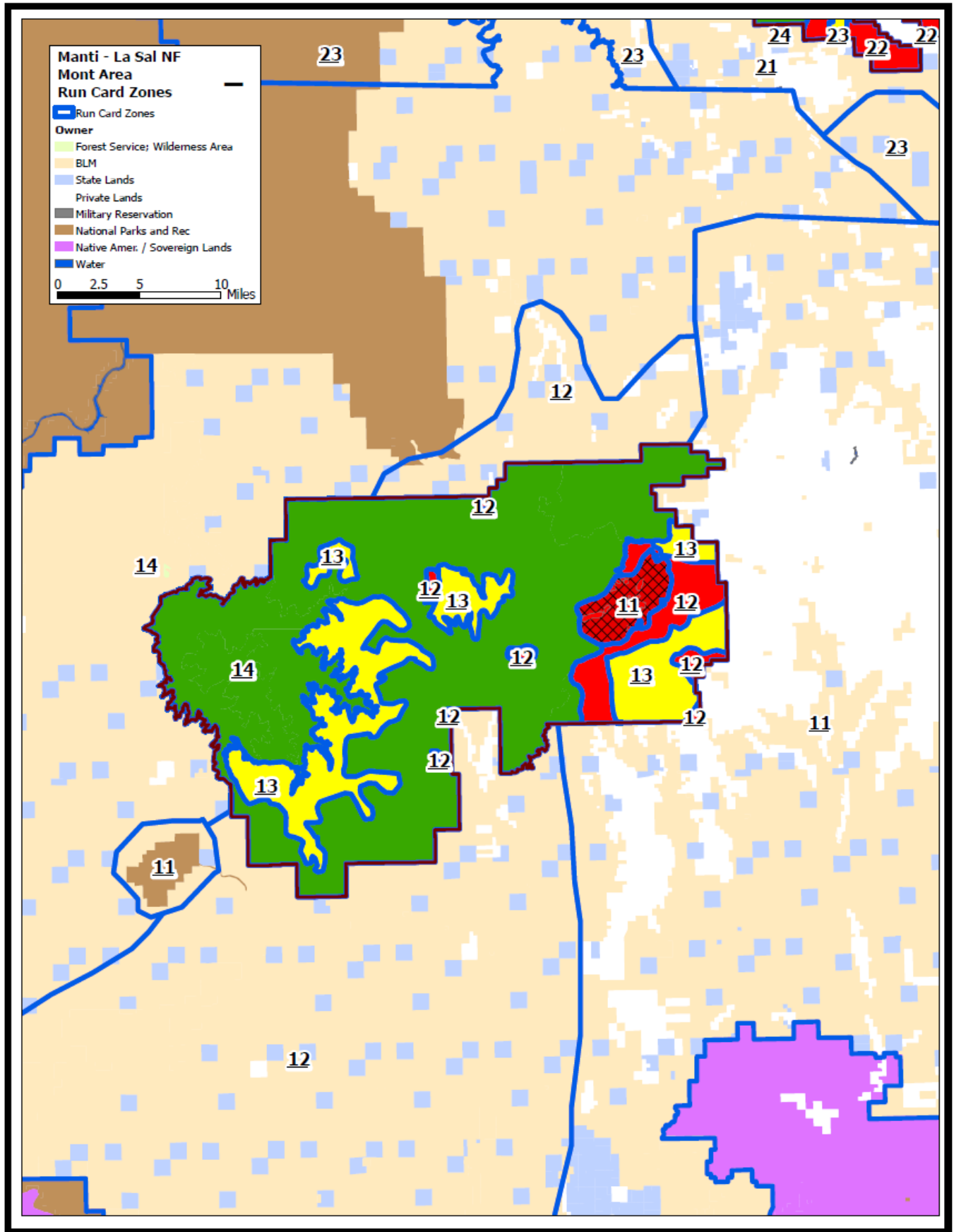
North Zone Area

- **Zone 31:** Carbon, Utah, Sevier and Emery Counties (BLM, State, FS and Private)
- **Zone 32:** Carbon, Utah, Sevier and Emery Counties (BLM, State, Private and Forest Service Lands in Red Risk Areas)
- **Zone 33:** Carbon, Utah, Sevier and Emery Counties (BLM, State, Private and Forest Service Lands in Yellow Risk Areas)
- **Zone 34:** Carbon, Utah, Sevier and Emery Counties (BLM, State, Private and Forest Service Lands in Green Risk Areas)
- **Zone 41:** Sanpete, and Utah Counties (BLM, State, Private and on FS Critical Watershed)
- **Zone 42:** Sanpete, and Utah Counties (BLM, State, Private and Forest Service Lands in Red Risk Areas)
- **Zone 43:** Sanpete, and Utah Counties (BLM, State, Private and Forest Service Lands in Yellow Risk Areas)
- **Zone 44:** Sanpete, and Utah Counties (BLM, State, Private and Forest Service Lands in Green Risk Areas)

Dispatch Area Runcard Map



Monticello Area Runcard Map



Zone 11

San Juan County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service Natural Bridges, Kane Gulch, and Forest Service Lands east of Hwy 191 and on FS critical Watershed)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 Engine or Squad
High	2 Engines or Squads or Combination
EXTREME	1 Engine, Squad or Engine, Helicopter, Water Tender

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

BLM Engine 6618	FS Engine 451	BLM Water Tender 6216
Abajo Wildland Fire Module	BLM Helicopter	San Juan County Warden

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO (except for state and private fires)
- ☐ If using water out of Blanding Watershed...lakes, ponds, canals, hydrants... inform duty officer of Blanding City Water Agreement

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	ABAJO USFS RPT	171.4250	164.3750	110.9	
Command Secondary	MONTICELLO BLM	172.4750	163.3375	100.0	
Command Third	S LONG PT BLM	172.4750	163.3375	156.7	
Command Forth	DEADMAN USFS	171.4250	164.3750	123.0	

Zone 12

San Juan County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service, and Forest Service Lands in Red Risk Areas)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 Engine or Squad
High	2 Engines or Squads or Combination
EXTREME	1 Engine, Squad or Engine, Helicopter

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

BLM Engine 6618	FS Engine 451	BLM Water Tender 6216
Abajo Wildfire Fire Module	BLM Helicopter	San Juan County Warden

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO (except state and private fires)
- ☐ If using water out of Blanding Watershed...lakes, ponds, canals, hydrants... inform duty officer of Blanding City Water Agreement

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	ABAJO USFS RPT	171.4250	164.3750	110.9	
Command Secondary	MONTICELLO BLM	172.4750	163.3375	100.0	
Command Third	S LONG PT BLM	172.4750	163.3375	156.7	
Command Forth	DEADMAN USFS	171.4250	164.3750	123.0	

Zone 13

San Juan County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service, and Forest Service Lands in Yellow Risk Areas)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 Engine or Squad
High	1 Engine or Squad
EXTREME	1 Engine, Squad or Engine, Helicopter

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

BLM Engine 6618	FS Engine 451	BLM Water Tender 6216
Abajo Wildfire Fire Module	BLM Helicopter	San Juan County Warden

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO (except for state and private fires)
- ☐ If using water out of Blanding Watershed...lakes, ponds, canals, hydrants... inform duty officer of Blanding City Water Agreement

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	ABAJO USFS RPT	171.4250	164.3750	110.9	
Command Secondary	MONTICELLO BLM	172.4750	163.3375	100.0	
Command Third	S LONG PT BLM	172.4750	163.3375	156.7	
Command Forth	DEADMAN USFS	171.4250	164.3750	123.0	

Zone 14

San Juan County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service, and Forest Service Lands in Green Risk Areas)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 ICT5
High	1 Engine or Squad
EXTREME	1 Engine or Squad

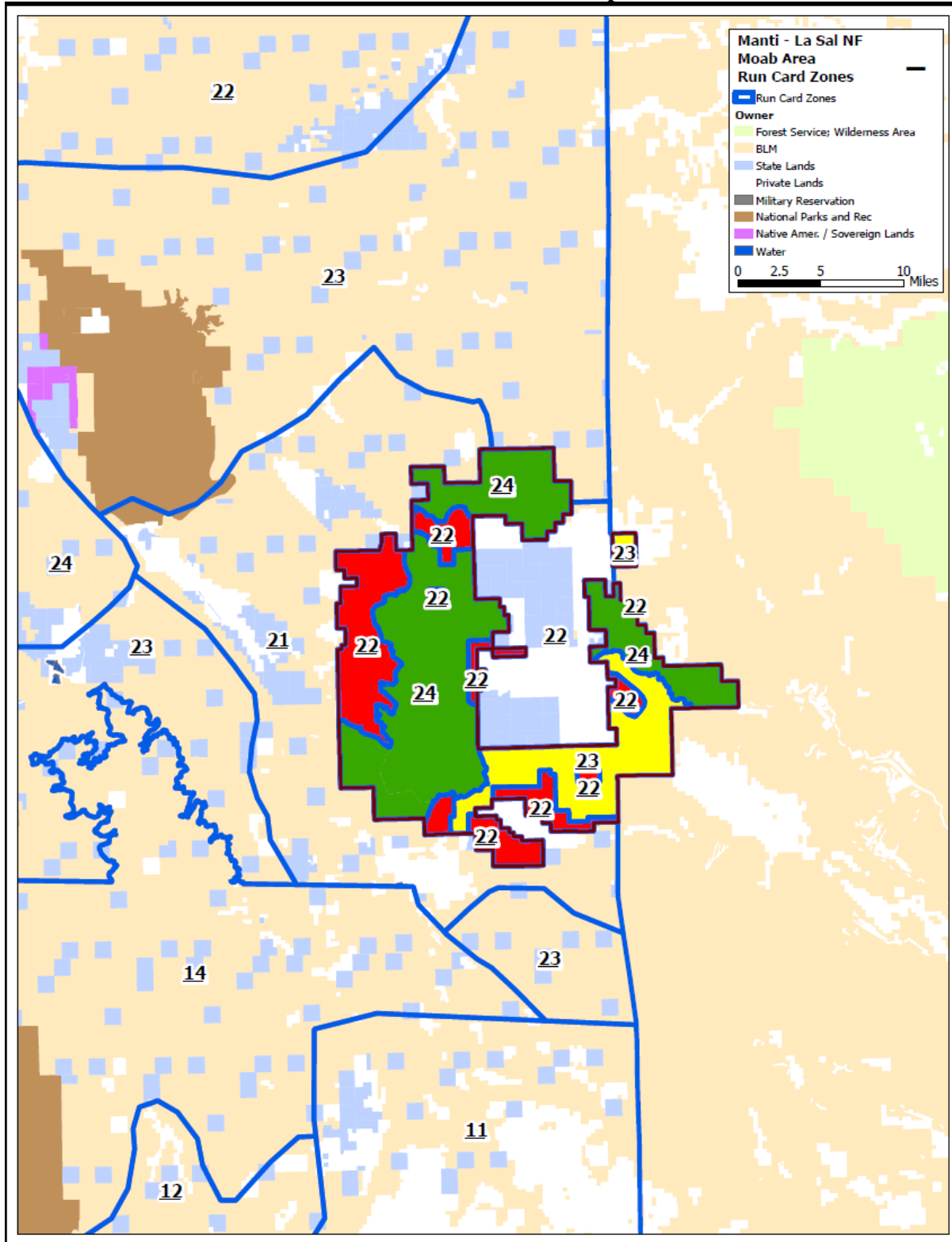
Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

BLM Engine 6618	FS Engine 451	BLM Water Tender 6216
Abajo Wildfire Fire Module	BLM Helicopter	San Juan County Warden

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO (except for state or private fires)

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	ABAJO USFS RPT	171.4250	164.3750	110.9	
Command Secondary	MONTICELLO BLM	172.4750	163.3375	100.0	
Command Third	S LONG PT BLM	172.4750	163.3375	156.7	
Command Forth	DEADMAN USFS	171.4250	164.3750	123.0	

Moab Area Runcard Map



Zone 21

San Juan and Grand County (BLM, State, Private, and Park Service)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 Engine or Squad
High	2 Engines or Squads or Combination
EXTREME	1 Engine, Squad or Engine, Helicopter, Water Tender

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

BLM Engine 6313	FS Engine 641	BLM Water Tender 6216
BLM Engine 6314	BLM Helicopter	Grand County Warden

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	MOAB BLM RPT	172.7750	165.1750	100.0	
Command Secondary	WILOW BLM	172.7750	165.1750	123.0	
Command Third	CARPENTER FS*	171.4250	164.3750	107.2	
Command Forth	BOOKCLIEF BLM	172.7750	165.1750	167.9	

* Use FS Carp if on the east side of the La Sal Mountains

Zone 22

San Juan and Grand County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service and Forest Service Lands in Red Risk Areas)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 Engine or Squad
High	2 Engines or Squads or Combination
EXTREME	1 Engine, Squad or Engine, Helicopter

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

BLM Engine 6313	FS Engine 641	BLM Water Tender 6216
BLM Engine 6314	BLM Helicopter	Grand County Warden

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	MOAB BLM RPT	172.7750	165.1750	100.0	
Command Secondary	WILOW BLM	172.7750	165.1750	123.0	
Command Third	CARPENTER FS*	171.4250	164.3750	107.2	
Command Forth	BOOKCLIEF BLM	172.7750	165.1750	167.9	

* Use FS Carp if on the east side of the La Sal Mountains

Zone 23

San Juan and Grand County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service and Forest Service Lands in Yellow Risk Areas)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 Engine or Squad
High	1 Engine or Squad
EXTREME	1 Engine, Squad or Engine, Helicopter

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

BLM Engine 6313	FS Engine 641	BLM Water Tender 6216
BLM Engine 6314	BLM Helicopter	Grand County Warden

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	MOAB BLM RPT	172.7750	165.1750	100.0	
Command Secondary	WILOW BLM	172.7750	165.1750	123.0	
Command Third	CARPENTER FS*	171.4250	164.3750	107.2	
Command Forth	BOOKCLIEF BLM	172.7750	165.1750	167.9	

* Use FS Carp if on the east side of the La Sal Mountains

Zone 24

San Juan and Grand County (BLM, State, Private, Park Service and Forest Service Lands in Green Risk Areas)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 ICT5
High	1 Engine or Squad
EXTREME	1 Engine or Squad

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

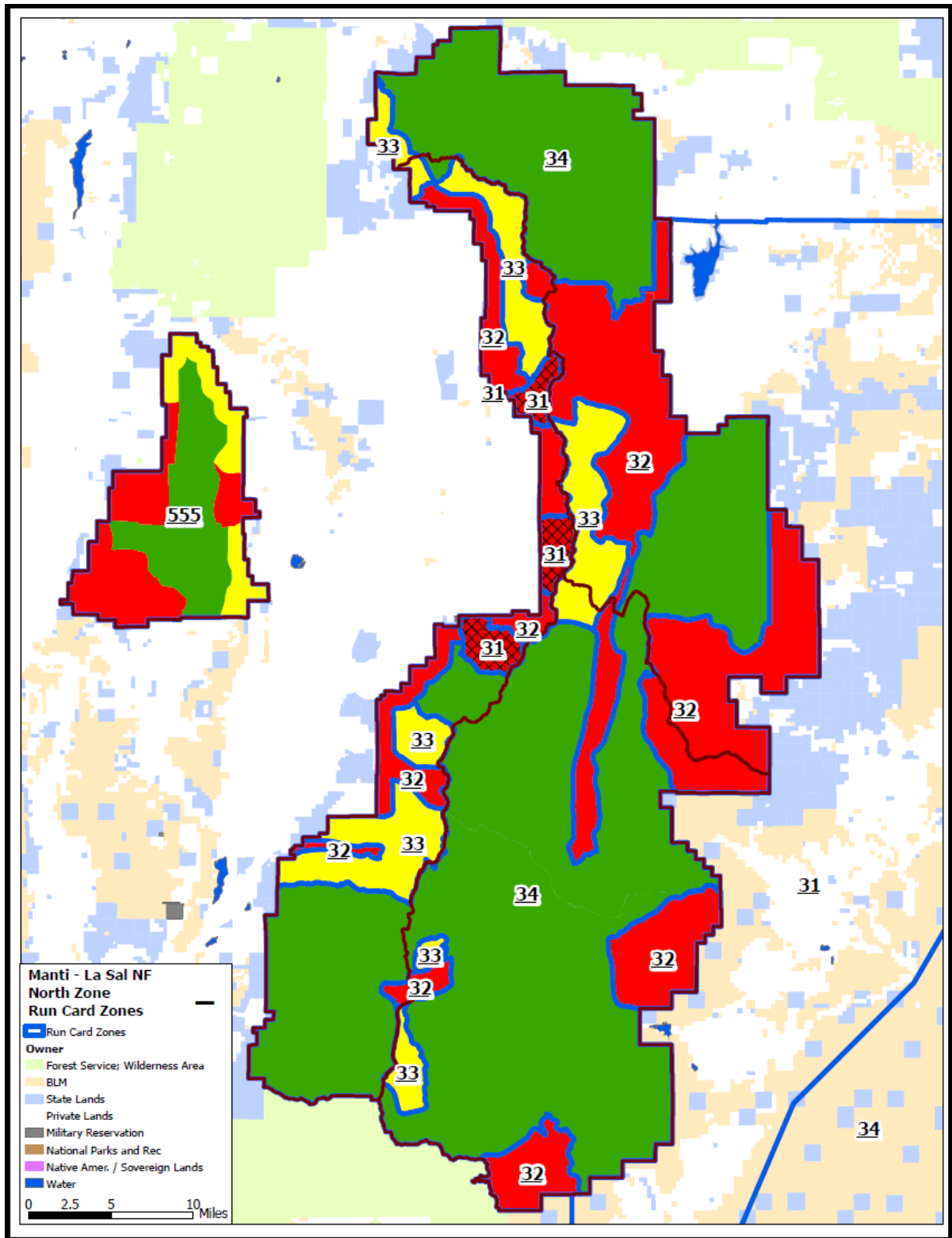
BLM Engine 6313	FS Engine 641	BLM Water Tender 6216
BLM Engine 6314	BLM Helicopter	Grand County Warden

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	MOAB BLM RPT	172.7750	165.1750	100.0	
Command Secondary	WILOW BLM	172.7750	165.1750	123.0	
Command Third	CARPENTER FS*	171.4250	164.3750	107.2	
Command Forth	BOOKCLIFF BLM	172.7750	165.1750	167.9	

* Use FS Carp if on the east side of the La Sal Mountains

North Zone Area Map



Zone 31

Carbon, Utah, Sevier and Emery Counties (BLM, State, FS and Private)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 Engine or Squad
High	2 Engines or Squads or Combination
EXTREME	1 Engine, Squad or Engine, Helicopter, Water Tender

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

BLM Engine 6619	FS Engine 1031	
FS Skyline Module	BLM Helicopter	Carbon County Warden

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	CEDER USFS RPT	171.4250	164.3750	146.2	
Command Secondary	PRICE BLM	172.6750	164.4750	110.9	
Command Third	FORD RIDGE BLM	172.6750	164.4750	131.8	
Command Forth	MONUMENT USFS	171.4250	164.3750	156.7	

Zone 32

Carbon, Utah, Sevier and Emery Counties (BLM, State, Private and Forest Service Lands in Red Risk Areas)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 Engine or Squad
High	2 Engines or Squads or Combination
EXTREME	1 Engine, Squad or Engine, Helicopter

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

BLM Engine 6619	FS Engine 1031	
FS Skyline Module	BLM Helicopter	Carbon County Warden

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	CEDER USFS RPT	171.4250	164.3750	146.2	
Command Secondary	PRICE BLM	172.6750	164.4750	110.9	
Command Third	FORD RIDGE BLM	172.6750	164.4750	131.8	
Command Forth	MONUMENT USFS	171.4250	164.3750	156.7	

Zone 33

Carbon, Utah, Sevier and Emery Counties (BLM, State, Private and Forest Service Lands in Yellow Risk Areas)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 Engine or Squad
High	1 Engine or Squad
EXTREME	1 Engine, Squad or Engine, Helicopter

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

BLM Engine 6619	FS Engine 1031	
FS Skyline Module	BLM Helicopter	Carbon County Warden

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	CEDER USFS RPT	171.4250	164.3750	146.2	
Command Secondary	PRICE BLM	172.6750	164.4750	110.9	
Command Third	FORD RIDGE BLM	172.6750	164.4750	131.8	
Command Forth	MONUMENT USFS	171.4250	164.3750	156.7	

Zone 34

Carbon, Utah, Sevier and Emery Counties (BLM, State, Private and Forest Service Lands in Green Risk Areas)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 ICT5
High	1 Engine or Squad
EXTREME	1 Engine or Squad

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

BLM Engine 6619	FS Engine 1031	
FS Skyline Module	BLM Helicopter	Carbon County Warden

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	CEDER USFS RPT	171.4250	164.3750	146.2	
Command Secondary	PRICE BLM	172.6750	164.4750	110.9	
Command Third	FORD RIDGE BLM	172.6750	164.4750	131.8	
Command Forth	MONUMENT USFS	171.4250	164.3750	156.7	

Zone 41

Sanpete, and Utah Counties (BLM, State, Private and on FS Critical Watershed)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 Engine or Squad
High	2 Engines or Squads or Combination
EXTREME	1 Engine, Squad or Engine, Helicopter, Water Tender

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

Sanpete County Warden	FS Engine 1011	Richfield Dispatch Resources
FS Skyline Module		

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	PRICE BLM RPT	172.6750	164.4750	110.9	
Command Secondary	FORD RIDGE BLM	172.6750	164.4750	131.8	
Command Third	TIDDS USFS	171.4250	164.3750	110.9	
Command Forth	LEVAN USFS	171.4250	164.3750	123.0	

Zone 42

Sanpete, and Utah Counties (BLM, State, Private and Forest Service Lands in Red Risk Areas)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 Engine or Squad
High	2 Engines or Squads or Combination
EXTREME	1 Engine, Squad or Engine, Helicopter

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

Sanpete County Warden	FS Engine 1011	Richfield Dispatch Resources
FS Skyline Module		

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	PRICE BLM RPT	172.6750	164.4750	110.9	
Command Secondary	FORD RIDGE BLM	172.6750	164.4750	131.8	
Command Third	TIDDS USFS	171.4250	164.3750	110.9	
Command Forth	LEVAN USFS	171.4250	164.3750	114.8	

Zone 43

Sanpete, and Utah Counties (BLM, State, Private and Forest Service Lands in Yellow Risk Areas)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 Engine or Squad
High	1 Engine or Squad
EXTREME	1 Engine, Squad or Engine, Helicopter

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

Sanpete County Warden	FS Engine 1011	Richfield Dispatch Resources
FS Skyline Module		

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	PRICE BLM RPT	172.6750	164.4750	110.9	
Command Secondary	FORD RIDGE BLM	172.6750	164.4750	131.8	
Command Third	TIDDS USFS	171.4250	164.3750	110.9	
Command Forth	LEVAN USFS	171.4250	164.3750	114.8	

Zone 44

Sanpete, and Utah Counties (BLM, State, Private and Forest Service Lands in Green Risk Areas)

Dispatch Level	Minimum Resources to be dispatched
Low	1 ICT5
Moderate	1 ICT5
High	1 Engine or Squad
EXTREME	1 Engine or Squad

Suggested closest resources (These are only a suggestion to help dispatchers get started):

Sanpete County Warden	FS Engine 1011	Richfield Dispatch Resources
FS Skyline Module		

- ☐ Notify the appropriate agency Duty Officer based on Land Ownership and responding resources
- ☐ Do not dispatch aviation resources on confirmed State or private land fires until Duty Officer has been notified contacted
- ☐ If human caused fire, order a fire investigator and notify agency LEO

Primary Initial Attack Frequencies					
Frequency Type	Frequency Name	Receive	Transmit	Tone	Tone #
Command	PRICE BLM RPT	172.6750	164.4750	110.9	
Command Secondary	FORD RIDGE BLM	172.6750	164.4750	131.8	
Command Third	TIDDS USFS	171.4250	164.3750	110.9	
Command Forth	LEVAN USFS	171.4250	164.3750	114.8	